

Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean

Annual 2016 Report

(November 1, 2015 – October 31, 2016)



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1. Introduction

Aspen/Pitkin County Airport's Fly Green/Fly Clean is an initiative implemented by Pitkin County for the purpose of encouraging operators to operate as quietly as possible at the Airport. The program promotes a voluntary participatory approach in complying with noise abatement procedures and objectives by grading an operator's performance and by making the scores available to the users of the Airport and the public via newsletters, publications, and public meetings.

Fly Green/Fly Clean is intended to grow and change as new procedures and new technologies for aircraft and airspace are available. Initially, the Fly Green/Fly Clean Program will evaluate two categories:

- 1. Fleet Quality of the entire fleet at ASE, and
- 2. High Noise Events

In order to fairly and accurately evaluate the operators, they are divided into two groups; those operators with more than 30 operations a year, and those with less than 30 operations per year. Within these two groups, operators are categorized based on the type of operators; either Part 135, which incorporates fractional and charter operations, and single owners or small fleets (single aircraft).

The historical base period of evaluation for Fly Quiet is a 2-year period prior to the start of the Fly Quiet Program (from November 1, 2005 – October 31, 2007). This base period will allow the Airport to compare future Fly Green/Fly Clean documents to measure improvements. The program can be expanded as additional radar and noise monitoring capabilities are available. Scores are computed, and reports are generated once a year that includes both reporting season. The reporting seasons are; winter, November 1 – April 30, and summer, May 1 – October 31.

This report presents the Annual 2016 results. This includes both the winter and summer season results. This is for the winter period of November 1, 2015 through April 30, 2016 and the summer period of May 1, 2016 through October 31, 2016. Fly Green/Fly Clean is a dynamic venue for implementing noise abatement procedures by praising and publicizing active participation rather than a system that admonishes violations from essentially voluntary procedures.

2. Program Overview and Goals

The goal of the Aspen/Pitkin County Airport's Fly Green/Fly Clean Program is to influence operators to operate as quietly as possible at Aspen/Pitkin County Airport. Monitoring, collecting, and analyzing comprehensive amounts of operational and noise data highlights both Airport trends and individual operator performance for specific noise abatement issues. A successful Fly Green/Fly Clean Program can be expected to reduce both single event and total noise levels around the Airport. Fly Green/Fly Clean data is quantified and translated into bi-annual reports, or scorecards, for individual operators and fractional operators. A summary of the scorecard will be published for the winter and summer periods, and a full report will be published for public distribution for the same time period.

2.1 Definition

The purpose of the Fly Green/Fly Clean Program is to, through positive reinforcement, communicate to the aircraft operators the accepted noise abatement procedures and request that pilots fly them as efficiently as possible.

The Fly Green/Fly Clean Program uses current available information, and may be expanded to include additional information. Existing data sources include third party radar data, seasonal noise monitoring, and observations of operations by Airport and consultant staff. This information is organized and analyzed in a software program to reveal a variety of comparative patterns showing the relative noise contribution of operators and aircraft types. These results are then processed into a 0-10 rating system so that it is easy to show which operator is the best in each category and how each operator rates overall.

The Fly Green/Fly Clean Program covers two areas: fleet quality and high noise events, but will be expanded over time to cover other issues, both in the air and on the ground. The bi-annual report scorecard grades each Fly Green/Fly Clean category on a 10 point scale, awarding the best operator in each category the highest possible score, 10 points. Any operator that does not participate or have a documented occurrence or performance in any category, with the exception of the high noise event category, will receive a not applicable rating. Operators that have no recorded or documented high noise events, however, will be automatically awarded 10 points for the given analyzed time period.

It is important to emphasize that the primary purpose of the Fly Green/Fly Clean report is to motivate operators by rewarding good noise abatement procedures, thus reducing noise intrusion. By providing this information publicly, Fly Green/Fly Clean enables operators to engage in informed self-evaluation and improvement. Positive reinforcement and good publicity is expected to be a strong incentive for operator performance.

2.2 Program Elements

Currently, the Fly Green/Fly Clean Program consists of two elements: the overall noise quality of all aircraft operating at ASE and an evaluation of single overflight noise levels. As stated previously, the historical base period reporting period for these elements is average of November 1, 2005 through October 31, 2007. All subsequent bi-annual and annual Fly Green/Fly Clean reports will then be compared to this initial reporting period to determine the effectiveness of the program.

Fleet Noise Quality Rating Methodology 2.2.1

The goal of fleet noise quality rating is to have aircraft operators schedule their quietest aircraft at the Airport and be acknowledged for doing so. The Fly Green/Fly Clean Program Fleet Noise Quality Rating (FNQ) evaluates the noise contribution of each operator's fleet as it actually operates at ASE.

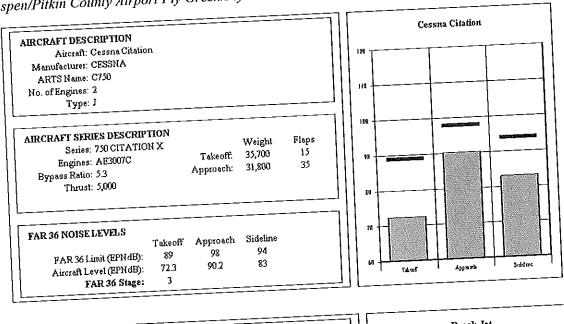
This category rates single aircraft owners as well as fractional jet operations. The Fleet Noise Quality Rating score presents an overall Airport score and a list of operators that performed above average. The method for quantifying a fleet noise quality rating at Aspen is based on established federal noise certification data for each aircraft. Stages 2 and 3 were established by Federal Aviation Regulation Part 36 which mandated the allowable noise levels for the manufacture of aircraft at three measurement locations. For each aircraft type, Part 36 specifies allowable noise levels at three measurement locations: approach, departure, and sideline.

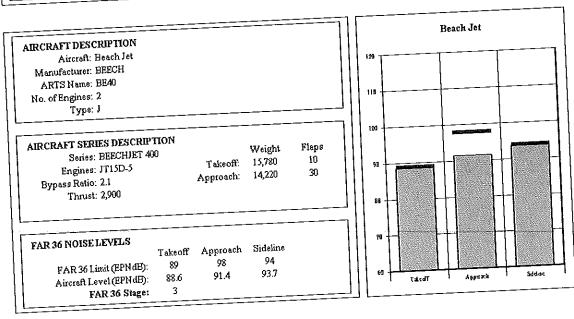
The FNQ rating uses third party radar data to determine the aircraft type for each operation at ASE. The radar data provides a list of each operation that occurs at ASE, including the aircraft type, time of operation and type of operation (VFR or IFR). The aircraft information will be used to determine the type of aircraft and if it is Stage 2 or Stage 3.

The rating method for the FNQ totals the difference between each aircraft's certified noise levels at all three measuring points and the Stage 3 and Stage 2 standard for that weight and number of engines. Aircraft with the lowest (i.e. quietest) noise levels are rated the best. An operator with aircraft certified close to borderline Stage 3 limits is rated low, while an operator with aircraft certificated noise levels quieter than Stage 3 limits rated higher. For Aspen/Pitkin County Airport, the departure value is weighted heavier than the approach and sideline noise due to the more widespread and intrusive nature of departure noise. Figure 1 depicts the noise characteristics of two aircraft types: a Cessna Citation and a Beech Jet. Both aircraft are certified as Stage 3, yet the combined noise levels at all three Part 36 measuring points for the Cessna Citation is 35.5 dB lower than the Stage 3 requirements, while the Beech Jet falls only 7.3 dB below the requirements. The red line at the top of each column represents Stage 3 limits; the blue portions of the columns indicate actual monitored certificated noise values.

Figure 1 - FAR Stage 3 Limits and Certificated Noise Levels

Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean





Source: BridgeNet International

The aircraft fleet at Aspen/Pitkin County Airport is primarily composed of commercially operated regional jets, business jets, high performance turbo-prop aircraft, and general aviation propeller aircraft. The Airport is served by a variety of business jet aircraft, with a percentage certified as Stage 2 and louder "marginal" Stage 3. The fleet noise quality rating pertains to the general aviation fleet; both based aircraft and frequent users of the Airport are scored through this system.

2.2.2 High Noise Events Methodology

Goal

The goal of the Loudest Noise Event category is to reduce and eliminate the highest single event noise levels of aircraft operating at Aspen/Pitkin County Airport.

Methodology

The Loudest Noise Events score rates arriving and departing aircraft for excessive single event (SEL) noise levels, which are a convenient method for describing noise from individual aircraft events. An SEL is calculated by summing the decibel (dB) level for each second during a noise event and compressing that noise into one second. A noise event is defined as a takeoff or landing for the purpose of the Fly Green/Fly Clean Program. It is the level the noise would be if it all occurred in one second. The SEL value is the integration of all the acoustic energy contained within the event. This metric takes into account the maximum noise level of the event and the duration of the event. For aircraft flyovers, the SEL value is numerically about 10 dBA higher than the maximum noise level.

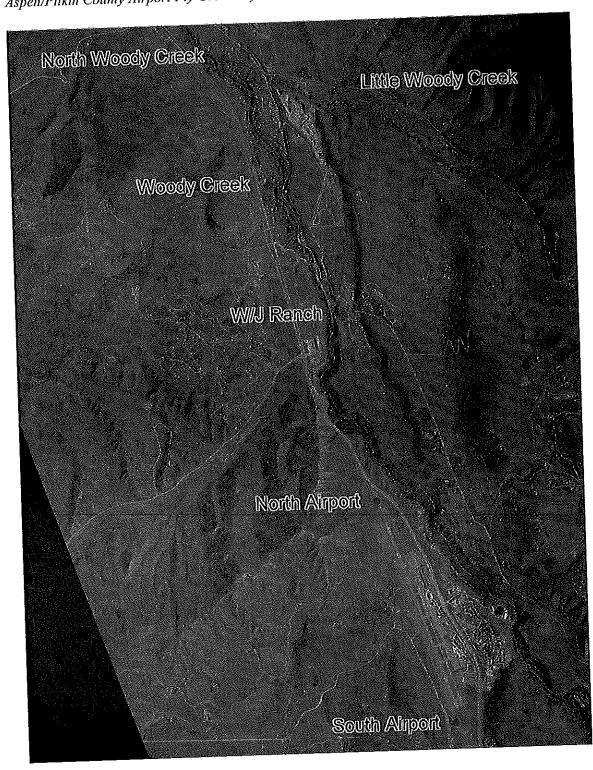
Whenever an aircraft operation surpasses a high noise event threshold established for a remote noise monitoring site (RMS), a "loud single event" occurs. Loud noise events are measured by the Airport's RMS's situated in the communities surrounding the airport twice per year, two weeks in the winter and two weeks in the summer. The winter measurements are during the peak Christmas period and the summer period is around the peak 4th of July period. Table 1 shows the address and latitude/longitude of each RMS, and Figure 2 shows the locations of the RMS sites used to determine historical single event noise levels at each of the sites. For the Fly Green/Fly Clean measurement periods, the Woody Creek RMS was used to measure high noise events. Future Fly Green/Fly Clean reports will be expanded to include high noise event calculations at multiple RMS sites.

At the Woody Creek measurement location (Site 4), since 2006, a year around noise monitor has been placed to continuously measure the aircraft noise levels throughout the year. This location is now being used in the Fly Quiet program to determine when high noise events occur anytime throughout the year, not just the peak summer and winter monitoring period. Past measurements were for just the peak summer and winter periods.

Table 1
Noise Monitoring Locations
Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean

Sites	Name	Location	Longitude	Latitude
1 S.A	irport	South Airport Boundary	-106.8647666	39.2121166
	Airport	North Airport Boundary	-106.8744833	39,2349166
3 W/	^	W/IRanch	-106.8784500	39.2537000
4 WC	,	Woody Creek – 262 Woods Rd.	-106.8878330	39.2668000
5 LW		Little Woody Creek	-106.8779167	39.2769167
6 NW		Woody Creek – 240 Doc Henry Rd.	-106.8935666	39.2797330

Figure 2 - Noise Monitoring Locations Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean



Historic single event noise data was used to help identify high noise level thresholds at the Woody Creek monitoring site. The historical data was used set to identify a high noise level threshold for aircraft producing noise levels higher than are typical for the majority of operations.

To determine the recommended Loudest Aircraft Noise Event at the Woody Creck site the standard deviations were calculated. The resulting number equates to approximately 3% of all operations that are anticipated to be above the high noise level threshold. For the High Noise Level threshold, any noise event that generates an SEL of 90 dBA or greater is considered a high noise event.

Whenever an aircraft overflight produces noise levels higher than the maximum allowable decibel value established for a particular monitoring site, the noise threshold is surpassed and a high noise event occurs. This category will be expanded over time to include additional RMS measurements of high noise events.

Figure 3 shows the Loudest Noise Events results for the 2016 winter period, November 1, 2015 – April 30, 2016. The high noise threshold is 90 SEL. Figure 4 shows the Loudest Noise Events for the 2016 summer measurement period, May 1, 2016 – October 31, 2016. Both of the measurement period Loudest Noise Events are shown for the Woody Creek RMS, located north of the Airport. While there were additional noise events above 90 SEL, these were the Top 25 for the measurement period.

These events were nearly all generated by the older generation built Stage 2 aircraft such as the Gulfstream II/III and Lear 24/25s and higher noise level Stage 3 aircraft such as the Falcon 50.

Figure 3 - Loudest Noise Events, Winter 2016 - Woody Creek Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean Period November 1, 2015 - April 30, 2016

ACBody	DATETIME_DA	ACTYPE	ALCODE	DAO	RUNWAY		SelBar		 3 1 5
Business	1/10/2016 10:10:42 AM 12/29/2015 2:00:11 PM	H25B PC12	TMC 6	D D	33, 5 4 5 33	83.2			ų.
Prop	12/23/2015 10:11:28 AM	BE40	TMC	Α	15	83.1			i i i i
Business Business	12/29/2015 1:35:39 PM	C25B	RSP	Α	15	83.1 83.1			ngi Mg
Unknown	1/1/2016 1:10:44 PM	Ù	U A Pro-	A D	33	83.1			
Unknown	12/23/2015 3:01:10 PM	U V	U U	D	33	82.9	: -		A 4 A
Unknown	1/10/2016 11:31:50 AM 12/27/2015 11:40:23 AM	CL60	GA	D	33	82.8	122		* * 1
Business Commuter	DAA	DH8D	្សប្រាស្រី	Α	15	82.8	: 4		y Î
Prop	12/27/2015 2:40:35 PM	BE20	FTH	D	33	82.7 82.7	(A)		
Unknown	12/24/2015 2:37:50 PM	U	U	D A	33 15	82.4			
Prop	12/30/2015 4:33:24 PM	PC12 C525	GA GA	Â	15	82.4	5.1		
Business	1/1/2016 12:09:13 PM 1/10/2016 11:30:22 AM	GLF4	GA	D	33	82.4		61	i Gali
Business Business	12/26/2015 10:44:52 AM	e in the second of the	GA	Α	15	82.4		,	j ili ia L
Unknown	12/27/2015 3:48:32 PM	U	U Salah	D	33 33	82.4 82.1			
Business	1/10/2016 12:05:34 PM	H25B	U GA	⊕ ·D ; A	∜ 33	82.			İ
Business	12/28/2015 10:48:42 AN	MU30 MGLF4	EJM	A	15	82.	3		
Business	12/26/2015 10:55:03 AN 12/27/2015 10:35:00 AN		JTL	Α	15	82.			
Business Business	12/29/2015 11:39:25 Ah	И C525	GA	D	33	82. 82			
Unknown	12/24/2015 1:10:24 PM	U	U	D	33	82 82			
Commute	er 12/31/2015 7:37:01 PM		GA	ΑΑ	15	82			
Unknown Unknown	TOTAL FOR 10 DNA	ָ ֖֖֖֓֞֞֞֞֞֞֞֞֞֞֞	U	D	33	82	.2		

Figure 4 - Loudest Noise Events, Summer 2016 – Woody Creek Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean

Period: May 1, 2016 - October 31, 2016

ACBody	DATETIME_DA	ACTYPE	ALCODE	DAO	RUNWAY	SEL 96.7	SelBar	į –
Business Business	7/1/2016 5:27:25 PM 7/1/2016 4:34:03 PM	GLF3 GLF3	GA GA	D A A	33 15 15	87.8 87.7		100
Business Business Business	6/24/2016 6:53:07 PM 7/9/2016 11:35:54 AM 6/29/2016 9:11:43 AM	GLF4 FA50	GA GA	A D	33 15	86.6 85.9 85.0		1 H
Business Business	7/1/2016 10:36:02 AM 6/30/2016 8:31:20 PM 6/30/2016 5:23:11 PM	CL60 GLF5 GLF4	GA GA LXJ	D A	33 15	84.6 84.5	11	A.,
Business Business Business	6/30/2016 7:44:50 PM 7/8/2016 12:59:53 PM	FA7X GLF3	JAS GA GA	A A D	15 15 33	84.5 84.4 84.	1	
Business Unknown Unknown	6/21/2016 7:01:32 PM 6/21/2016 5:03:13 PM 6/24/2016 1:20:29 PM	C550 ປ	VHT	D D	33	84. 84. 84.	0	*** :
Unknown Business	6/30/2016 3:17:10 PM 6/24/2016 5:16:41 PM	LJ45	U U EJA	D D A	33 33	84. 83 83	9	
Business Business Business	6/29/2016 11:34:37 Al 7/9/2016 1:06:14 PM 6/30/2016 2:06:50 PM	GLF4	KA1 SJE	A D	15 33	83 83 83	.8	
Business Business	6/29/2016 1:36:50 PM 7/1/2016 11:41:35 AM	1 CL30 1 H25B	GA PJF EJA	A A D	15 15 33	83 83	3.7 3.7	
Business Unknow Business	n 6/21/2016 3:11:45 PN 6/21/2016 1:29:19 PN	и U И G150	GA	D D	33 33 33	8	3.7 3.7 3.3	
Busines Unknow	s 6/23/2016 3:01:55 Pl	M - LJ75	U	D.	33		3,3	

3. Program Results

The results are presented in two categories. One category is the operations for FAR Part 135 aircraft that include fractional jet ownership and charters (operators that fly a fleet of different aircraft similar to an airline). The second category is operations for single owners or small fleets (single aircraft). These aircraft are not operated as part of a fractional jet ownership program or charter, and normally fly under a tail number not an airline operator code. Note that this is not an exact method of categorizing the aircraft, in that some charters will fly different aircraft both under an airline operator code and by its tail number. Where possible, charters that operate as a tail number were assigned their respective airline operator code. The intent is to separately evaluate those operators that fly a fleet of aircraft and those that operate just one aircraft or a small fleet. In order to fairly and accurately report how aircraft performed, the two categories of operators noted above are grouped into those operators with more than 30 operations per year and those operators with less than 30 operations per year.

The Fly Green/Fly Clean 2016 program results are presented in Figures 5 through 8. Figures 5 and 6 graphically shows the operations for FAR Part 135 operations that include fractional jet ownership and charters. Figure 7 graphically shows the operations for single operators, or aircraft not operated as part of a fractional jet ownership program for the low scoring operators. Figure 8 presents the corresponding data for the high scoring single operators.

In all of the figures, those operators with high scoring values are highlighted in <u>GREEN</u>. This is a Fleet Quality rating of 9 or better with no High Noise Level events (on a 0 to 10 scale with 10 being the highest rating). Average values are shown in <u>BLUE</u>. This is a Fleet Quality Rating between 4 and 9 and no high noise events. Low scoring values are shown in <u>YELLOW</u>. This is a Fleet Quality Rating of below 4 and at least one High Noise Level event. Operators with less than four operations per year were not included in the Program unless they generated a high noise event. If they generated a high noise event during the year, then they are included. All operations are compared back to the base period levels. The base period is the two years prior to the start of the Fly Quiet program (November 1, 2005 through October 31, 2007). The color codes for the different scores are shown below.

Rating	Fleet Quality Score	High Noise Events	Color
Good	9 to 10	0	
Average	4 to 9	0	
Poor	Below 4	>=1	

Fleet Quality Results. 3.1

FAR Part 135 Operators

The fleet quality results for the Part 135 operators are presented in Figures 5 and 6. The graphic shows the operations for FAR Part 135 operations that include fractional jet ownership and charters. The figures show the aircraft Fleet Noise Quality (FNQ) scored on a 0-10 scale, with 10 being the best possible in the available fleet and 0 being a Stage 2 or marginal Stage 3 aircraft.

For each operator, the first two columns in the figure shows their base period number of departures and their corresponding FNQ score. The next columns show the number of departures during the winter, summer and annual periods along with the corresponding FNQ. Any score above 9 is considered good (green). Any score between 4 and 9 is average (blue). Any score less than 4 is considered poor (yellow).

For the operators with more than 30 departures per year, Xojet and Jetsuite Air had the highest FNQ scores of 9.9. For the smaller operators with less than 30 departures per year, the top operators earned a FNQ score of 10, Omini Air Transport and Lion Airlines.

The second to last column in the figure also show the change in the 2016 annual FNQ relative to the past year. Any improvement in FNQ of 1 or more is considered good (green). Any decrease in FNQ of 1 or more is considered poor (yellow). For the operators with more than 30 departures per year, Citation Air had the most improvement. For operators with less than 30 departures, airline Baker Aviation had the most improvements. The last column is the number of high events, which will be covered in the next section.

The operators are shown in descending order, with aircraft that operated above the airport wide average on the top. The middle blue line marks the average overall score for the Airport, which for the 2016 reporting period is 8.1 out of 10. This is an improvement 1.4 FNQ over the base period of 6.7, and a 0.2 increase over the previous year's FNQ.

Single Operators

Figure 7 shows the results for single aircraft operators that scored on the bottom of the FNQ. These aircraft had at least 6 departures per year, and a FNQ score of 0. The 0 score is a result of flying older, louder Stage 2 and marginal Stage 3 aircraft. The figure shows the tail number, type of plane, registered owner, the number of departures in the winter, summer and annual period along with the FNQ score. The number of high noise events is also shown. In addition to those operators that had 6 or more departures per year, any aircraft that generated a high noise event is also listed.

Figure 8 shows the results for single aircraft that scored on the top of the FNQ. These aircraft had at least 6 departures per year, and a FNQ score of greater than 9. The 9 or greater score is a result of flying new generation Stage 3 and Stage 4 aircraft. The figure shows the tail number, type of plane, registered owner, the number of departures for the annual period along with the FNQ score. There were no high noise events generated by these aircraft. The operator with the most number of operations flying an aircraft with a FNQ of 9 or greater was registered to Corvis Aviation, LLC. There were 96 single aircraft operators with aircraft with a FNQ of 9 or more and had at least 6 departures per year. This is up from last year's high of 76 aircraft with a FNQ score of 9 or higher.

3.2 High Noise Event Results.

The high noise events were incorporated into the Fly Green/Fly Clean program with the results presented in Figures 5 through 7. The Part 135 Operators data in the last column of Figures 5 and 6 shows that there were nine Part 135 operators that generated high noise events throughout the year, with a total of eleven events.

These results for the single aircraft operator's high noise events are presented in the last column of Figure 7. The results show that the majority of the high noise events are as a result of operations by the older louder Stage 2 and marginal Stage 3 aircraft that are flown by single aircraft owner/operators. It is an important observation that there were no high noise event associated with aircraft that had a good FNQ.

Figure 5 - Fleet Quality Rating, FAR Part 135 Operations (more than 30 dept per day)

Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean

Operator Code XOJ RSP	Part 135 Operator XOJet Jetsuite Air	Annual Departures 300	FNQ Score Current 9,9	Delta 0.00 0.00 0.10	High Events 0 0 0
FX1	Bombardier FlexJet	577 	98	0.00	0
XSR	Executive AirShare	132 328	9.7	0.80	0
OPT	Flight Options	64	9.8	1.00	0
TWY	Sunset Aviation (GA)	211	8,5	0.10	0
DPJ	Delta Private Jets	32	8,3		0
EDG	Edgartown Air	1,772	8.3	0.10	0
EJA	Executive Jet Aviation	36			0
JAS	Japan Air System	31		0.00	0
LAK	Great Lake Airlines	91		-0.10	0
FTH	Mountain Aviation	(120 120		0.30	1
GAJ	Gama Jet		100 St. Carrier 100 St. Carrie		0
FWK	FlightWorks	11	28 ph 180 200	0.30	0
EJM	Executive Jet Management	\$4341.51.5 <mark>8</mark>		-0.40	0
GTH	General Aviation Flying S		4 6.7	-1.50) 0
DCM	FitPlan			0.00	o
JTL	Jetall		5.8 5.8	0.60	ე 0
NSH	Landmark Aviation		, , ,	este di la contra di	0 0
TMC	Travel Management Com				

Airport Average FNQ Score 7.6

Figure 6 - Fleet Quality Rating, FAR Part 135 Operations Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean

Operator		Annual Departures	FNQ Score Current	Delta	High Events
Code	Part 135 Operator			0.60	
DRL.	Omini Air Transport	21 6 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		0.00	0
LKF	Lion Airlines	13	emicroscopic de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la compan	1.40	0
RJC	Richmor Aviation	13 17 克里克		0.20	0
ASP	Aspen Ainways Inc	- 14: 44: 45: 441 <i>1</i> 25		0.00	0
GCT	GC Aviation	 3		0.00	0
TKK	Aero Ways Inc	22		-0.20	0
PXT	Pacific Coast Jet			-0.10	0
KAI	Kaiser Inc. (GA)			-0.10	0
PRD	Presidential Aviation		8 95	0.60	0
DJR	Deserraer	2			0
SBE	Wold Class Aviation	2	The state of the s	-0.60	0
SIS	Saber Airlines	1.5	7 9.2	-0.30	0
PJC	Pittsburgh Jet Center		2 9,1	-0.20	0
WWI :	Worldwide Jet Charter		2 87	-1.00	0
PEG	Pelangi Air		9 83		0
LJY	L) Aviation		6 8.1	leff.	0
SLH	Silverhawk Aviation		11 8,1	0.00	0
PFT	Air Cargo Express International	**	10 8.1	SIGE.	0
GLT	Aero Charter VietJet		7 8.	0.00	0
VET			23 8.9	-1.20	0
PWA	Priester Charters (GA)	and the second second	23 89	0.30	0
SJE	Sunair 2001 Northern Illinois Flight Center		15 7	0.20	0
NUS	Sunwest Home Aviation Ltd	병약 병학자	7.	-0.30	
CNK			26 <u>7</u> .	6 0.50	0
TFF	Talon Air Spirit Jets		20 6.	3 -2.30	
SJJ	Baker Aviation	-	13 6.	3 2,60	
KOW	Gemini Air	蒙珠线 毒門	29 6	2 -1.60	
DBC	Private Jets		21 6	.1 -0.60	
OKC	West Coast Air	电影音事業	7 6	.0 -2.0	
WCC	Project Aviation		26 5	.9 0.3	the second second
PJF	Harco Aviation LLC		7 4	.5 -3.7	
CVO	Air Transport		9 4	.0 -0.2	
CYO	Florida Jet Service		710000100000000000000000000000000000000	0.2	
	Regency Airlines		13	0.0	0 0
RGY	negency runnes		_		
Ī 	tal Ali Part 135 Operators	5,120	7.3	(0.0)	1
101	neral Aviation Non-Part 135	5,603	7,8	0.1	4
	RPORT OVERALL	10,723	7.6	0.0	5

Airport Average FNQ Score 8.1

Figure 7 - Low Score Fleet Quality Rating, Single Operators Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean

Operators with at least 6 Departures per year with a Fly Quiet Score of 0

Tail	Aircraft	Registered			FQ	High
Tail Number	Type	Owner	State	Dep	Score	Events
N36PN	CI 53	B&G LEASING LLC		9	0.0	0
N750SW			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9	0.0	0
N171AM	GLF3	FLORIDA JET SERVICE			to Lovel Eve	nt

Other Operators with a Fly Quiet Score of 0 or High Noise Level Event

N124EP GLF3 WHITEHORSE AIR LLC 5	0.0	0
· 2017年18日 《平台》: 1986年1987年198日 李 唐·嘉·安 诗《新文》: 1986年 第 第 第 5 》: 1987年 1	0.0	1
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	0,0	0
N540EA GLF2 JETMARK AVIATION LLC 5	0.0	0
N700JC SBR1 OXLEY JOHN C TRUSTEE 5	0.0	0
N218MD GLF3 NE 1 LLC		0
N557JK GLF3 BANK OF UTAH TRUSTEE 2	0.0	
CURNIZORDM LLC	0.0	0
2	0,0	0
1	6.9	1
N790JR WW24 INDIGO AIR LLC	0.0	0
N323MK GLF3 MKRE EQUIPMENT LLC	0.0	0
N324JW GLF3 JORDAN AVIATION LLC		0
N380AC GLF2 ELKHORN AVIATION LLC	0.0	epigosolus de material de la graditica de la
DRAADI FOLICH GIILLC	0.0	1
The state of the s	0.0	0
1410010	0.0	0
N62MV GLF3 BANK OF UTAH TRUSTEE	0.0	0
N75VC SBR1 NCI GROUP INC	0.0	0
NOTES TRISH AIR LIC		· ·
	0.0	0
N939KW GLE3 DOUBLE X LIC		

Figure 8 - High Score Fleet Quality Rating, Single Operators, Part 1
Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean

	Aircraft		Etata	Dep	FQ Score
Tall Nbr	Type	Registered Owner	State		98
N569EE	E55P	CORVIS AVIATION LLC	CO Les AMBLERS (2012) Mile (3.75)	133 120	9,8
N108JA	E50P	TERRAPIN AIRCRAFT LLC		30	48.0
N569DM	C25A	WALTON S RAWLINGS	CO *** *** ** Y2 ** #***	29	10.1
N358JJ	C25B	CORAL AIR LLC	AR	28	100
N510BE	C510	C510 AVIATION LLC	CO Salawa ngalagan sakatan	28 2 8	98
N825TB	CL30	DR WAINTON FFC	i co	26	10.0
N751MM	C750	MORGANS MACH ONE MACHINE LLC	CA	26 24	101
N49PW	C750	MADRONE ADVISORS LLC	in a company	100	10.6
N750NA	C750	N A CITATION (2012) LLC	FL 8 (1884-1881 - 1821-1911 - 1811 - 18	24 23	93
N779AZ	GLF4	PITTCO AVIATION LLC	TN		9.
N1963N	GLF4	WATER FORCE ONE LLC	CA stum en uželi – Artič	22 22	9.
N85BZ	E55P	DAT-II LLC	CO.		10
N471MD	C525	525 CJ LLC	ΤX	20	100
and the second second	C750	CENTRAL COPTERS INC	HE A NAT FOR	20	10
N454N	LJ45	BANK OF AMERICA NA	NC	16	y y
N913MK	GLF4	GR AIRCRAFT ACQUISITION LLC	R. G. B. T. X. B. B. B.	16	9
N930LS	GLF4	SADIE AVIATION LLC	TX 	16	10
27.45	C25C	PERUGIA AIR LLC	De gradie is CA (No. 1)	118 1915	16
N95LL	C25B	BEMIDJI AVIATION SERVICES INC	MN	15	9
N218KF	CL30	KW FLIGHT LLC	MT 4	13	9
N450EF	GLF4	NDM AVIATION LLC	FL.	13	70
N500SD	C25A	SDI LEASING LLC	TX.	13	9
N618KG	CL30	AIRKRAFT TWO TRUST	MA	13 13	Charles and Control of the Control o
N661H5	12 St. Com	ADDCAM LLC	TX TX		9
N804SW		ECHO MATRIX LLC	AR	13	9
N1EG	and the second	MALIBU LEASING CORP	co	12	
N858EE	E55P	RBL AVIATION LLC	CO	12	10
N90MT	Carlotte March	J M THOMAS FOREST PRODUCTS CO	Eller Lüre be	12	
N104RJ	LJ60	HAI RIVE AIR LLC	FL ser ser ser kæktiske store	11 Ar Armstal	30
N345AV	and the second	SATURN OF KANSAS CITY INC	МО	11	# # #
N585EP		SONGBIRD LLC	MI	11 11) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1
N711SE	es. 350 c. 555	ARSHE HOLDINGS LLC	Nagagin (an an a		
N160BF		BEESON JOHN S	TX	10 A 2015 SEC 500	T)
N302K	CL30	CORPORATE JET LEASING CO LLC	KS	10	

Figure 9 - High Score Fleet Quality Rating, Single Operators, Part 2 Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean

	Aircraft		£44a	Dep	FQ Score
Tail Nbr	Туре	Registered Owner	State		
N354WG	CL30	AUTOMATIC PRESS LLC	TX	10	9 <u>0</u> 91
N488VC	CL30	KRM) LLC	OR.	10	101
N505BC	LJ45	WCAT MANAGEMENT INC	TX	10	
N5116	GLF4	AMERICO ADVISERS L C	MO A	10	9.
N52ZG	C525	LIFT AVIATION LLC	CO	10	101
N605WG	E135	WELLS FARGO BANK NORTHWEST NA TR		10	9,
N894JW	E135	GSM ASSETS LLC	TX	10	
N206AH	E50P	BUFFALO SPINE SURGERY PLLC	NY	9	9
N235EE	£55P	TCN TRANSPORT 300 LLC	TX	9	4
VLOSEN	PRM1	JSV AVIATION LLC	AZ	9	9
N450AB	GLF4	BLUE VISTA LLC	CA Section and the states	9	9
N525HC	C525	SPRINGFIELD FLYING SERVICE INC	MO	9	10
N750GB	C750	CESSNA AIRCRAFT COMPANY	KS	9	10
N80EJ	E50P	PHEN ONE LLC		9	9
N816BL	C25B	FLIGHT DYNAMICS LLC	VA	9	10
N952SP	PRM1	SCANNELL CITATION LLC	HA WAR	9	9
N108DU	GLF4	TUTOR PERINI CORP	CA	8	9
N17XR	C750	PEREGRINUS LLC	NY	8	
N238RM	C525	SACJ LLC	TX	8	10
N253CW	C525	AV CORP LLC	DE	8	16
N265K	CL30	CORPORATE JET LEASING CO LLC	KS NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	8	9
N363AL	C25B	PATHFINDER AVIATION INC	AK	8.	TE
N365TB	C25A	N365TB LLC	TX	8	10
N417C	C25C	WING AND A PRAYER INC	CA CA	## Ny 14 8	- 16
N508SN	CL30	234DP AVIATION LLC	TX	8	
N777SJ	CL30	SLC AVIATION I LLC	DE DE	8	
N819CW	C25B	SKYBANK LLC	NE	8	10
N845TX	C750	TVPX ARS INC TRUSTEE	and the second	8	11
N116WJ	GLF4	AVIATION ENTERPRISES INC	DE	7 About 1875	
N142TL	E50P	FLYING CATS AIR LLC	CA	7	
N21SB	E50P	SOUTHERN BLEACHER CO INC	TX	7	4
N252JK	C525	KANEY CITATION LLC	L. L	7	1
N369MN		WELLS FARGO BANK NORTHWEST NA T		7	- 10
N418MN	Nedae tradicinal	AEROMETRO LLC	THE TAX TO THE	7	1

Figure 10 - High Score Fleet Quality Rating, Single Operators, Part 3
Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean

Tall Nbr	Aircraft Type	Registered Owner	State	Dep	FQ Score
N459SF	LJ60	PHILLIPS AVIATION COMPANY LLC	DE	7	100
N502P	GLF4	PRITZKER REALTY GROUP LLC		7	5,8
N525MR	C25A	AVIATION LP	TX	7	107
N718D	GLF4	GENERAL ELECTRIC CREDIT CORP OF TENNESSEE	CT.	7	9.8
N763DB	GLF4	TRANS EXEC AIR SERVICE INC	CA	7	4;8
N800BD	CL30	KONFARA COMPANY LLC	AZ	7	9.8
N84EA	C750	EASTHAM AVIATION INC	TX	7	30.0
N90XR	LJ40	US SIGNAL LEASING LLC	MI	7	10,0
N95BQ	LJ60	KONFARA CO LLC	AZ	7	16.6
N96PB	C25B	BANK OF UTAH OWNER TRUSTEE	UT	7	101
N98CH	C25C	HARRELL LEASING LLC	TX	7	101
N99GK	LJ40	GOLD KEY AVIATION LLC	DE A	7.	TAX
N117KB	F160	HIDACANE AIR LLC	CA	6	100
N168JC	E55P	JC ONE LLC	CA	6	9,6
N233MK	LJ45	GIDDYUP AVIATION LLC	TX	6	104
N270SC	GLF4	TRANS-EXEC AIR SERVICE INC	CA	6	9,
N318JS	CL30	U S BANK NA	MN	6	94
N329BH	C25B	CHARLIE JULIET 3-N329BH LLC	CA	6	107
N401FT	GLF4	EJS-EXECUTIVE JET SHARES INC	DE	6	9.
N450WB	GLF4	BINDLEY AVIATION LLC	IN	6	91
N502GM	GLF4	VESEY AIR LLC	СТ	6	9,
N525CD	C525	BANK OF UTAH TRUSTEE	UT	6	409
N606MH	GLF4	US AUTO FINANCE LEASING LLC	DE	6	9
N703DM	C750	PAPA GRANDE AVIATION LLC	TX	6	10.0
N800CR	GLF4	COMSTOCK AIR MANAGEMENT LLC	TX	6	91
N945G	LJ60	JET AIR LLC	OH	6	104
N959RC	LJ70	HY CITE CORPORATION	WI	6	101
N95BD	LJ60	KONFARA CO LLC	AZ	6	167

4. 2016 Annual Awards - Fly Green/Fly Clean

The following is a list of those operators that have achieved the goals of working towards improving the noise environment around Aspen/Pitkin County Airport. These awards are divided into the Part 135 operators that fly a fleet of corporate jets and the single aircraft operators that fly one or a small number of corporate jets operating under a tail number.

4.1 Part 135 Operators

Operators that flew the quietest fleet without any high noise events (30 or more departures per year)

Operator (Code Operator	Departures
XOJ	XOJet	300
RSP	Jetsuite Air	68

Operators that flew the quietest fleet without any high noise events (less than 30 departures per year)

Operator Code	Operator	Departures
DRL	Omini Air Transport	21
LKF	Lion Airlines	6

Operators that were most improved from previous year (2015)

TWY Sunset Aviation (30 or more departures per year) KOW Baker Aviation (less than 30 departures per day)

Honorable Mention of those Operators with a better than airport average fleet with no high noise events

30 or more Departures per year

Operator Co		Departures
LXJ	Bombardier FlexJet	577
XSR	Executive AirShare	132
OPT	Flight Options	328
TWY	Sunset Aviation	64

Less than 30 departures per year

Operato	r Code Operator	Departures
RJC	Richmor Aviation	13
ASP	Aspen Airways Inc	17
GCT	GC Aviation	25
TKK	Aero Ways Inc	8
PXT	Pacific Coast Jet	22

5. Overall Fly Green/Fly Clean Airport Evaluation

The Fly Green/Fly Clean Program presents the Airport's overall score and compares it to historical data. Figure 9 shows historical data for four categories:

- Change in Annual DNL Noise Level
- Change in Number of Average Daily Number of High Single Event Noise Levels
- Change in Size of Noise Contour
- Change in Percentage of Corporate Jet Stage 2 Operations

Historical data for these categories is show for the years 2000 and 2003 - 2016. Each of the four categories shows significant improvement year over year. This report focuses on the 2016 Fly Green/Fly Clean Airport Reporting period.

Stage 2 operations accounted for 0.6% of all corporate jet operations. The number of High Single Event Noise Levels average well less than one per day (0.1 events per day). The lower number of high noise events can be directly correlated with the continued reduction of Stage 2 corporate jet aircraft. Specifically, the older Gulfstreams (II and III) and the louder Stage 3 jets (Beach 400 and Falcon 50) It is anticipated that these levels will continue to lower as these aircraft retire from the fleet. As with the other airport rating categories, the size of the noise contour was slightly increased at less than 1,110 acres in the 55 DNL. This can also be attributed to reduction of Stage 2 operations as well as an overall improvement of the fleet noise quality balanced out the increase in corporate jet operations.

Figure 11 - Historic Overall Airport Comparison (2016)

Aspen/Pitkin County Airport Fly Green/Fly Clean

Change in Annual Change in Number Change in Size Change in Percent DNL Noise Level* of High Single Event Noise Levels* of Noise Contour Corporate Jet Stage 2 Operations 2250 3.5 2000 55.0 12.0% 3 1750 2.5 SAmual DNL 2 1500 1.5 1250 1

1000

* DNL and SEL Noise Events from Woody Creek Measurement Site

0.5

Year